# COMMUNITY AND VOLUNTARY CONTROLLED INFANT, JUNIOR AND PRIMARY SCHOOLS AND ACADEMIES (NON FAITH) 2014/15

### **Oversubscription Criteria:**

If more children want a place than there are places available, we will offer places according to the following criteria, strictly in order of priority:

i. Children who are 'looked after' or a child who was previously looked after but immediately after being looked after became subject to an adoption, residence, or special guardianship order\*. A looked after child is a child who is, at the time of making an application to a school, (a) in the care of a local authority, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989).

#### ii. Medical Reasons

Pupils with very exceptional medical factors directly related to school placement.

## iii. Sibling Links

Pupils who have a sibling\*\* already attending the school and who is expected to be on roll at the school at the time of admission.

#### iv. Distance

Pupils who live nearest the preferred school measured by the shortest walking route\*\*\*. This will be based on the parents' address. Where the last place to be allocated would mean that a multiple birth sibling group i.e. twins, triplets or other multiple birth sibling groups, would be split, the sibling group will be given priority over other children.

- \* An adoption order is an order under section 46 of the Adoption and Children Act 2002. A 'residence order' is an order settling the arrangements to be made as to the person with whom the child is to live under section 8 of the Children Act 1989. Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).
- \*\* Sibling is defined as children who live as brother or sister in the same house, including natural brothers or sisters, half brothers or sisters, adopted brothers or sisters, step brothers or sisters and children of the parent/carer's partner. Some schools give priority to siblings of pupils attending another community and voluntary controlled school with which they have close links (for example, schools on the same site). Where this is the case, details will be published in the Local Authority's Admissions Brochure.

\*\*\* In assessing home to school distance the LA measures by the shortest walking route. Routes are measured from the centre point of the pupil's

house, or in the case of a flat from the centre point of the building, to the nearest school entrance. A Geographic Information System (GIS) is used to identify and measure the shortest walking route. The GIS identifies routes on the Ordnance Survey Integrated Transport Network and Urban Paths Network, which are national recognised datasets. The routes include all manmade paths, i.e. those that are metalled or surfaced.